

# Homothety of entanglement in Grover's quantum algorithm

VLADIMIR BALLESTEROS BALLESTEROS<sup>1, \*</sup>, JOSÉ ALFONSO LEYVA ROJAS<sup>1, \*\*</sup>

<sup>1</sup>GRUPO DE BIOFÍSICA Y BIOQUÍMICA ESTRUCTURAL, DEPARTAMENTO DE FÍSICA, PONTIFICIA  
UNIVERSIDAD JAVERIANA, BOGOTÁ, D.C.

## Abstract

Entanglement represents an important factor in the speed-up of quantum computational processes [1-4]. Recently, it is of interest to analyze the function of multipartite entanglement in quantum algorithms. On the other hand, it was shown that multipartite entangled states are used in the first phase of the Grover's quantum search algorithm[5]. In this work, we show the behavior of entanglement in this algorithm, computing it through GME (Geometric Measure of Entanglement). Then, we demonstrate that behavior of any type of entanglement is independent of the quantity  $q$  of qubits for large  $q$ , thus showing a homothetic transformation. Finally, we compare this outcome with the one obtained by a fixed-point quantum algorithm and we propose some guidelines for efficient simulation in the context of this quantum algorithm.

## References

- [1] T.C. Wei, P.M. Goldbart, Phys. Rev. A 68 (2003) 042307, quant-ph/0307219.
- [2] M. Lewenstein, A. Sanpera, V. Ahufinger, B. Damski, A. Sen, U. Sen, Adv. Phys. 56 (2007) 243.
- [3] S. Sachdev, Quantum Phase Transitions, 2nd ed., Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 2011.
- [4] D. Petz, Quantum Information Theory and Quantum Statistics, Springer-Verlag, Berlin, 2008.
- [5] D. Brub, C. Macchiavello, Phys. Rev. A 83, 052313 (2011).

---

\*E-mail: ballesterosv@javeriana.edu.co

\*\*E-mail: leyvaa@javeriana.edu.co